

WEST DISSATISFIED WITH BOTH PARTIES' WORK IN CONGRESS

Voters Refuse to Take Can-
didates Seriously and
Tighten Purses.

SHAKEUP IS EXPECTED

Democrats Said to Be Los-
ing Ground Faster Than
Republicans.

INSURGENCY IS RISING

Radical Waves Sweep Western
Area, Threatening Politi-
cal Upheaval.

By LOUIS SEIBOLD.

Special Dispatch to THE NEW YORK HERALD.

CHICAGO, Oct. 19.—Voters through-
out the West and presumably the
country over do not appear to enter-
tain a much better or a different opin-
ion of members of Congress than that
held by Gen. Dawes, Secretary of War
Weeks and most of the newspapers.
This fact is clearly established by re-
ports brought to Chicago by leaders
of both parties.

It is further reflected by the con-
fused and indefinite conditions under
which the battle for the control of
Congress is being contested along pro-
fessional lines. The wholly unsatis-
factory record of members of the pres-
ent Congress has provoked the aver-
age citizen in the West as well as
East to tighten up, not only in the
matter of campaign contributions but
also in pledging his moral support
and, what is more significant, his (or
her) vote.

The chief complaint of Congress-
men who are anxious to win another
term is that voters refuse to take
them seriously, or think it really
makes any difference whether a Re-
publican or Democrat goes back to
misrepresent his district again. The
threshold walls of party candidates
for their constituents to stand by the
grand old party seems to have lost
its power to charm or deceive.

Western Leaders' View.

Men and women voters alike cor-
rectly appraise stock arguments and
pledges at their true value—they don't
mean anything except a pleasant time
for a Congressman at the national
capital at the expense of the taxpay-
ers. Wherefore it is the opinion of
Western leaders of both parties that
the voters have lost interest as well
as faith in the protestations of can-
didates whose past records reveal little
thought or care for so-called party
principles and legitimate issues, but
who follow the line of least resistance
and surrender to the commands of
noisy minority groups seeking special
privileges at the expense of the people.
Most of the appeals that reach the
national committees from candidates
for the two houses are for money and
nothing else. The home folks, having
in mind the bonus scheme to tax them
to the extent of \$5,000,000,000 for the
benefit of able bodied soldiers, are not
"coming across" with financial aid as
they were expected to do. The cap-
able ex-servicemen contribute noise
and threats but no money to their
Congressional friends.

This condition of affairs explains to
some extent the tendency of candi-
dates for the national Legislature to
dodge the bonus issue wherever possi-
ble and to make only vague promises
when forced into a corner. There are
many other reasons for the apathy or
indifference of voters to the winning
appeals of Congressional candidates—
their failure to reduce taxes, inability
to comply with the demand of farm-
ers and trades unions for more and
greater special privileges, and the gen-
erally bad or at least worthless record
of the Congress elected along with
President Harding two years ago.

Upsets Are Expected.

Many leaders of both parties in sev-
eral States with whom the writer
has discussed the prospects of their
candidates for Congress will be sur-
prised if a number whose present
chances for reelection how seem good
are not left at home and new men sent
in their places on the theory that the
latter cannot possibly turn out any
more than their predecessors.
According to the leaders in question
political considerations will not alone
be responsible for many of the
changes. A rather comprehensive
survey of the West made by expe-
rienced leaders strengthens the im-
pression prevailing to date that the
Republicans will hold their present
advantage in the Senate and possibly
gain one or two seats and that the
losses in the lower house will not ex-
ceed sixty seats at the outside, while
they will leave a margin of around
forty majority.

The outstanding reason for this in-
dicated result is that the Democratic
party is losing ground faster than the
Republican party. Both are admitted
to be slumping and losing popular
favor. Their salvation rests in the
fact that while the voters express dis-
satisfaction with both parties, the
confused local as well as national po-
litical conditions have not crystallized
popular sentiment in favor of a third
party movement of national scope.
There is admitted to be growing in
many sections of the country local

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Center of Alien White Population Turns West

WASHINGTON, Oct. 19.—For the
first time in three decades the
center of the white population in the United
States moved westerly instead of
easterly in the ten years 1910 to
1920. This was due to the increase
in foreign born white population in
California, Texas and Arizona, the
Census Bureau said to-day, in an-
nouncing the center to be in Allen
county, Indiana, about 10 1/2 miles
east of New Haven and 15 miles
east of Fort Wayne. It had moved
from Defiance county, Ohio, just
across the State line.

BURNS ASSERTS RED PERIL GROWS DAILY

Warns It Is Becoming Harder
to Combat Communism and
Radicalism.

PEOPLE MUST AWAKEN

Says Every City, School and
Factory Has Teacher of Re-
volt Against Government.

Special Dispatch to THE NEW YORK HERALD.

New York Herald Bureau, Washington, D. C., Oct. 19.

Communism and radicalism are be-
coming more of a menace to the peo-
ple of the United States and harder to
combat every day, William J. Burns,
chief of the bureau of investigation of
the Department of Justice, warned to-
day.

"The time has come when the peo-
ple must awaken to the danger," said
Mr. Burns. "Recruits are being added
daily to the group seeking the over-
throw of this Government. In every
city, school, factory and manufactur-
ing plant can be found a preacher of
revolt and radicalism."

As an illustration Mr. Burns cited
the recent raid on a group of radicals
at Bridgman, Mich. Here were as-
sembled secretly the heads of the Com-
munist movement in America. Plans
developed in Russia for the overthrow
of this Government were being con-
sidered. Federal and local authorities
raided the meeting, but due to the
group being warned in advance only
twenty persons and many important
documents were captured.

"If the police had not interfered," Mr.
Burns declared, "a resolution would
have been adopted by that meeting call-
ing for the murder of many important
people. It was planned that in the
future instead of bombing buildings,
homes and the like, individuals would
be singled out for attack. While I do
not think this group can cause the over-
throw of our Government, much agita-
tion, strife and needless loss of life can
be prevented if the people will only
awaken. Tons of propaganda looking to
the advancement of the Communist
cause is being circulated throughout the
country."

"The Communists are devoting much
of their attention to the colored race.
They are attempting to convince this
element that they have the same inter-
ests as the white race. This is done by
the present system of government. Also
they want plenty of agitation such as
race riots and the like."

Mr. Burns declared the strongest in-
fluence for the support of the soldiers' bonus bill,
thinking in this way to win friends of
the soldiers and at the same time bank-
rupt the Government. The Communist
cause is being circulated throughout the
country."

The raid at Portland, Ore., in which
over 200 I. W. W.'s were taken, Mr.
Burns said, should be a warning to other
cities. This will be the first issue of
getting a foothold.

BERLIN CITY TO ISSUE EMERGENCY CURRENCY

Will Print Two Billion Marks
to Liquidate Arrears.

BERLIN, Oct. 19.—The municipality of
Greater Berlin finds it necessary to
float a 2,000,000,000 marks issue of
emergency currency. It was announced
to-day. This will be the first issue of
such money here in large denomi-
nations. The currency will be in denomi-
nations of 100, 500 and 1,000 marks.
The city is 100,000,000 marks in
arrears in the payment of sick benefits
and sick funds, it was stated, and it
is also unable to pay the salaries due
October 15 to the doctors who treat the
labor beneficiaries, partly at municipal
expense. The doctors, moreover, are
demanding an increase in fees. They
complain that the city includes in its
sick benefits laborers who receive such
high wages that they should not be
entitled to them.

Mellon to Uphold Standard Oil's Stock Dividend as Lawful Action

Special Dispatch to THE NEW YORK HERALD.

New York Herald Bureau, Washington, D. C., Oct. 19.

Secretary Mellon will make public
to-morrow a letter to Representative
Frear (Wis.), taking exception to
Frear's declaration that the income
tax law had been evaded by the Stand-
ard Oil Company of New Jersey in its
distribution of a stock dividend. Mr.
Frear charged that the Standard Oil
had hoarded its profits because a dis-
tribution would mean a heavy tax
payment.

Mr. Mellon holds that the action of
the Standard Oil Company was a busi-
ness expedient which was entirely
lawful and does not in any way com-

BUS DRIVERS WHO DID NOT VOTE FOR HYLAN LOST JOBS

Discharged Operators Also
Told of Chance to Buy
Back Their Places.

HAD TO CARRY CROWDS

Congestion of 369 Per Cent.
Worse Than Any Found
in Subway.

ONLY WAY TO PROFIT

Money Made, as by Railroads,
From Those Who Stand,
Is Explanation.

In the public hearing on city bus
lines held before the Transit Commis-

sioner yesterday several witnesses ad-
mitted that twelve or fourteen operators of
motor buses were dismissed from their
lucrative jobs last March because they
had not been in position to cast a vote
in the election a year ago, which re-
tained Mayor Hylan in the City Hall.

This was done, they testified, under
orders of Mr. Richter, chief supervisor
for Commissioner Whalen. One of the
dismissed bus operators swore he was
dismissed by a fellow member of his dis-
trict political organization that he
could "get him back in line," but that
it would cost him \$200.

Congestion Bred Subway.

There was testimony also that on
the Spring street bus line congestion at
times this month has reached an
overloading of 369 per cent., which is
worse crowding than the most ex-
treme congestion noted in the subway
inspections by commission experts.
Four of the former bus operators testi-
fied that their daily profits on a single
bus, over and above all expenses, in-
cluding insurance, depreciation allow-
ance, gasoline and other maintenance
supplies, ran not infrequently from
\$12 to \$25 a day.

Peter Russo, who is a justice of the
peace in Paterson, N. J., testified that
he had operated a bus here for the city
Department of Plant and Structures
from November, 1919, until March 4 last,
when he was laid off by Mr. Richter on
headquarters. "He was informed he was
discharged because he had not regis-
tered last year for the coming election,
and that all non-citizens also were be-
ing discontinued."

Russo has a home in New Jersey, but
on taking his job had yielded to the sug-
gestion that he rent a room in this city
and thus establish a New York domicile.
"When we opened the lines here the op-
erators were practically all New Jersey
and Connecticut men," the witness said,
"and we all took rooms in this city."
His bus had cost him about \$3,000, he
said, "and now I can't get 8 cents for
it—no line to run it."

Tuocco testified that while operating
his bus on the Chambers and Madison
streets line his receipts averaged about
\$35 a day and his expenses about \$20.
A bus was good for only about a year
and a half in this kind of service. The
Jersey witness admitted under exami-
nation by Clarence J. Shearn, counsel to
the commission, that at times his net
profits ran as high as \$50 a day.

With a bus seating eighteen passen-
gers at least in New York city where
persons standing as sitting, he said, in
order merely to pay expenses of a trip,
"Packed 'em in like sardines, didn't
you?" asked Mr. Shearn.

Packed Like Herring.

"Like herring, we called 'em," replied
the witness. "It had to be a paying
proposition. We didn't know how long
it would last, and you had to get every-
thing that was coming to you, see?"
"Under the existing system did you
have to pay any part of your receipts
to the City of New York?"
"Not a nickel," the witness an-
swered.

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Gary Says Safety Week Gives Lasting Results

"SAFETY WEEK has gone
into history," said Elbert
H. Gary last night. "More
than forty lives have been saved
and a real sentiment in favor of
accident prevention has been cre-
ated. The favorable reception to the
movement by the people of New
York has been most gratifying. It is
a striking and significant fact
that comment has not ceased with
the passing of Safety Week. Now
more than ever before, the senti-
ment that every week should be
Safety Week."

Mr. Gary is chairman of the
Public Safety Committee of the
Safety Institute of America.

HAZED MIDSHIPMAN, A CRIPPLE, IN COURT

Comes From Government Hos-
pital in Ambulance to Give
His Testimony.

SHOWS NO ILL FEELING

Says He Was Forced to Do
Three Fatiguing Exercises
by Upper Classman.

Special Dispatch to THE NEW YORK HERALD.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., Oct. 19.—Midship-

man Walter H. McGregor of Brem-
erton, Wash., to-day described to the
court-martial the hazing to which he
was recently subjected by Bruce H.
Robinson of Chandler, Ariz., a mem-
ber of the class soon to graduate. Mc-
Gregor appeared on crutches, and un-
able to use a chair, sat on a table.

McGregor said he had been punished
by Robinson because he failed to learn
certain nautical terms which the older
man had told him to learn, but in no
way in pursuance of official authority.
The hazing took place in Robinson's
room on the 5th or 6th of this month.

McGregor said he had been compelled
to perform three forms of physical ex-
ercises, each until he became ex-
hausted, but he was allowed to have a
short rest between them. The forms
were termed "sitting on infinity," the
"stoop fall" and the "asymptom."

"Sitting on infinity" consisted of tak-
ing a sitting posture with back against
the wall but no support to the body.
The "stoop fall" is done by lying on the
floor, face downward, and lifting the
forward part of the arm, and lowering
it again. The "asymptom" is hanging
from any object, the locker in this case,
face out, and raising the legs until par-
allel with the floor.

McGregor said he "sat in infinity" for
four or five minutes and became utterly
exhausted. After resting a few minutes
he performed the "stoop fall" twenty-
five times, and then, after another short
rest, hung several minutes from the
locker performing the stunt known as
the "asymptom." At the conclusion of
the third period McGregor said he
dropped to the floor in great pain and
exhaustion.

The next morning, he said, he had
severe pains in back, hips and the up-
per portions of his legs. With the help
of his own roommate and Midshipman
Robinson he reached the sick bay and
was sent from there to the Naval Hospi-
tal to which he is still attached, be-
cause of his condition, and also the ex-
istence of an ambulance. It was brought
out that McGregor was not forced to con-
tinue his exercises after he told Robin-
son of his condition, and also that Robin-
son was solicitous for him after he
became ill.

The testimony of McGregor was given
under the close supervision of a naval
officer, who showed no ill feeling against
McGregor. He was the only witness this
afternoon and the trial of the case will
be closed to-morrow morning. Commis-
sioner H. G. S. Wallace is president and
Lieutenant-Commander Joseph A. Mur-
phy judge advocate of the court-mar-
tal. Lieut. H. E. Cline appeared as
counsel for Midshipman Robinson.

BOAT EXPLOSION ROCKS ELIZABETH AND LINDEN

One Man Missing From Crew
of Burned Gasoline Barge.

Elizabeth and Linden, N. J., were
rocked last night when an explosion
occurred on a barge of the Sinclair Oil
Company containing 15,000 barrels of
gasoline. The barge was being towed
by the company's dock at Linden and the gaso-
line was to be transferred to a steam-
ship to-day for shipment.

One of the crew of the barge is
missing. A large crew consists of only
two men.

Another barge, also laden with gaso-
line and which was moored near by,
caught fire, but a tug of the Tide Tow-
ing Company, 17 Battery place, towed
it away and the fire was extinguished
by the tug's crew. The other barge
was burned to the water. The cause
of the explosion has not been de-
termined.

TO ARREST FORTY MAIL CLERKS AS ROBBERS

Extensive Thefts Disclosed at
Council Bluffs Terminal.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 19.—Thefts from
the mails in the Council Bluffs, Iowa,
railway mail terminal, and evidence in-
volving forty postal employees, were
alleged to-day by the Post Office De-
partment. Confessions have been made
by more than twenty-five of the men and
all forty will be arrested within twenty-
four hours, it was stated.

The arrest last month of Postal Clerk
Guy E. Hampton for stealing money from
letters started a wholesale inquiry.

SNOWSTORM IN NORFOLK, CONN.

NORFOLK, Conn., Oct. 20 (Friday).—
The first snowstorm of the season hit
here last night and lasted for fifteen
minutes. The thermometer went to 15
degrees above zero here, while at Cole-
brook it was 14 above.

BEEKMAN TO ARREST WOMAN SUSPECTED IN SLAYING F HALL

Holding of Hayes and
Schneider Said to Have
Given Strong Clue.

WEB IS ALL WOVEN

Jailing of Accused Person
Said to Await Only a
Few Little Details.

EDWARDS WILL NOT TALK

Makes Speech in New Bruns-
wick, but Refuses to Dis-
cuss Murder.

Special Dispatch to THE NEW YORK HERALD.

NEW BRUNSWICK, Oct. 19.—Azariah

Beekman, Prosecutor of Somerset
county, has built up a new structure
to replace the one that fell to the
ground last week when Clifford Hayes,
charged with the murder of Edward
W. Hall and Mrs. Eleanor Mills, was
released after his pal Schneider re-
tracted his accusation. It looks now
as though the structure is nearly com-
plete. In other words, the solution of
the Hall-Mills murder is at hand.

What is in progress now in connection
with the case is in the nature of
anti-climax, the clearing up of minor
contradictions, the knitting together
of what have appeared as coincidences
and the final arrangement of evidence
so that the case, heretofore a great
human drama, played by scenes and
acts, may be transmuted into a legal
affair, for the consideration of grand
and petit juries.

The denouement is not yet. It may
be days before Beekman decides to act
finally and conclusively. It may be that
the final moves and the unfolding of
the solution to the public may be held
back for a psychological effect—say
just before election day.

Prosecutor Gets New Story.

There has come to the Prosecutor, as
has been said, a new story that fits
with amazing exactness into the new
features of the case. It is said to have
come, by accident, through the arrest
of Schneider and Hayes. It is believed
now that it takes into consideration the
old Phillips farmhouse. It is known that
it deals with an automobile. The ma-
chine, it is said, contained two men and
a woman.

It is not the story that received cred-
ence in some credulous quarters last
night and had to do with screams and
shots heard miles from the crime. It
leads directly to one individual, a
woman. What it is and what it means
Beekman will not say and he is now
the sole arbiter, as it is agreed that the
crime was committed in Somerset coun-
ty, not in Middlesex. Thus Joseph E.
Stricker, the Middlesex Prosecutor, is
out of the case to all intents and pur-
poses.

Inevitably politics was injected into
the case to-day by the arrival here, on
his campaign tour, of Gov. Edwards. It
will be recalled that Edwards was at-
tempted to be elected to a political
office by Charlotte Mills, daughter
of the dead woman, and that he put the
State troopers on the job in answer to
her appeal.

Edwards Makes Address.

Gov. Edwards, after evading a lunch-
con engagement scheduled for noon, ap-
peared at the Roosevelt Junior High
School to-night to deliver a political
meeting, accompanied by Governor S.
Conner, gubernatorial nominee. He arrived
at the school about 5:30. As the party
drove up in several machines the report-
ers were told that Edwards was at-
tempted to get an interview with the
Executive, but was held back by a cor-
don of police, who took the Governor in
charge until he had been escorted into
the building by the police.

Despite the fact that considerable
significance had been attached to the
visit of the Governor, the auditorium of
the school was less than half filled.

Not more than three hundred persons
were present, and a small burst of mod-
erate applause greeted the arrival of
the Governor and his party. The
Governor and his party were formally
open his campaign. The Carnarvon
Liberal Association promptly avowed
its loyalty to-night to Mr. Lloyd George
as their parliamentary representatives
planned a great demonstration in
Wales, which is a sure sign he will re-
turn to the new Parliament. It is not
expected he will bring in politics when
he speaks at the city's welcome to the
Prince of Wales at Guildhall to-mor-
row; but he is expected to launch
thunderbolts in the course of his pro-
gram to Leeds to-morrow afternoon
through the industrial midlands.

At the hour of writing nobody seems
to know what has become of the plans
for a general election. Those who
formal procedure would be for Bonar
Law to form a Ministry and try to get on
with it when the House reconvenes No-
vember 15, many observers may be well
not seek to face the House where the
coalition split is powerful, but after a
merely formal presentation—perhaps
after an effort to pass the Irish consti-
tution—he will advise the King to dissolve
Parliament.

The immediate international impli-
cations of the new Government are two-
fold—toward France and toward Amer-
ica. THE NEW YORK HERALD correspond-
ent has reason to believe there will be
no change in policy toward America, but
a seeking close friendship and the pay-
ing of debts. Stanley Baldwin, who
led the opposition to Mr. Chamberlain,
is likely to be the new Chancellor of the
Exchequer, and he is thoroughly com-

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LLOYD GEORGE STEPS OUT; BONAR LAW IS CALLED BUT AWAITS UNIONIST DECISION

TWO BLOWS FELLED THE PRIME MINISTER

November 15 Meeting Cham-
berlain Hoped to Forestall
Was Advanced.

BYE-ELECTION IS TIMELY

Newport Victory Dissipates
Fear of Government by
Labor.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK HERALD.

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New York Herald Bureau, London, Oct. 19.

Last evening it was thought certain
that Mr. Chamberlain had the Con-
servatives in a corner. But two things
happened. Late last night a meeting
of the party executives decided to call
an immediate party conference of all
the workers, probably Saturday or
Sunday, instead of just the Members
of Parliament. This was the meeting
scheduled for November 15, which Mr.
Chamberlain and Mr. Lloyd George
hoped to forestall with a general elec-
tion and in which the members meet-
ing at the Carlton Club to-day would
pledge the Unionist organization in
support of the coalition.

Mr. Chamberlain was so thoroughly beaten
to-night that it was decided unnecessary
to call that meeting.

The second occurrence that changed
the aspect of the situation was the re-
sult of the Newport bye election, in
which a Conservative won over a La-
bor candidate and a Liberal. The con-
servative had been appealing to the
Unionists for support on account of
the menace of a Labor Government.
Thus both Chamberlain arguments
were made pointless and his tactics
deprived of their basis when the meet-
ing convened. It was a carefully
handicapped meeting, even the aged
Lord Chaplin being refused admission,
with the lesser but more agile lights
of the Unionist opposition.

Where Chamberlain Failed.

But Mr. Chamberlain's bulwarks were
thrown into utter disarray by the rapid
development of events. He is no man
for political footwork, and his appeal
was lamentably lame. He failed even
to make it clear that if the Unionists
supporting the Coalition under a loose
agreement should win a majority in the
next House of Commons there would be
a Unionist Prime Minister. Hence the
entire sense of the meeting swung
against him.

It is reported that Mr. Law had not
made up his mind what he would do
until the meeting actually was in session.
Then, as he saw the trend of events and
sensed the anger of a large section of
the meeting over Mr. Chamberlain's in-
clusion, he came out flatly for unity of
party rather than unity of the Coalition.
It was Mr. Law's deep rooted con-
viction that the Conservative party
would be a far better buttress against
Socialism than the Coalition could be.
He spoke with no eloquence—he is never
eloquent—but the emergence of this
man, who was stricken grievously many
months ago from Mr. Lloyd George's side
by an illness that was said to be Mack-
enzie Bowden's, proved just the dramatic
thing necessary to swing the wavering
conference, and, in fact, Mr. Law's re-
sponse against the Coalition was re-
sponse to the Coalition.

It is that unity which he is now
charged by the King to effect. But
already a split is appearing among the
leaders, more widely than ever. Mr.
Law's own leadership may be seriously
challenged. The Coalition may be for-
mally to elect him Prime Minister.
The keynote of this movement was
sounded in a manifesto issued to-night,
presumably from Lord Balfour's pen,
by the Unionist Ministry who are
sticking to Mr. Lloyd George.

Lloyd George Speaks to-morrow.

Mr. Lloyd George himself spoke at a
meeting of the Liberal Unionist Asso-
ciation in Downing Street to-night; and
his Leeds speech Saturday may formally
open his campaign. The Carnarvon
Liberal Association promptly avowed
its loyalty to-night to Mr. Lloyd George
as their parliamentary representatives
planned a great demonstration in
Wales, which is a sure sign he will re-
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Premier Who Resigned; His Probable Successor